

**MUNICIPALITY OF POLLOCK  
POLLOCK, SOUTH DAKOTA  
AUDIT REPORT  
FOR THE YEAR THEN ENDED  
DECEMBER 31, 2024**

**MUNICIPALITY OF POLLOCK**  
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# CAHILL BAUER & ASSOCIATES, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

### Independent Auditor's Report

Governing Board  
Municipality of Pollock  
Pollock, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Municipality of Pollock, South Dakota (Municipality), as of December 31, 2024, and for the the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Municipality's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 30, 2025 which was adverse on the aggregate discretely presented component units because the financial statements do not include financial data for the Municipality's legally separate component unit.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Municipality's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Municipality's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings, as items 2024-001 and 2024-002 to be material weaknesses.

*Jason W. Bauer, CPA, CGMA, PFS • [bauer@cahillbauer.com](mailto:bauer@cahillbauer.com)*

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## **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Municipality's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Municipality's Response to Findings**

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Municipality's response to the findings identified in our audit. The Municipality's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings. The Municipality's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

*Calvin Bauer*

Mobridge, South Dakota

May 30, 2025

**MUNICIPALITY OF POLLOCK**  
**SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2024**

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**PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS**

**Finding 2023-001**

A lack of proper segregation of duties existed for the duties for cash, equity, revenue, expenditures and the payroll functions resulting in decreased reliability of reported financial data and increased potential for the loss of public assets.

**Current Status**

Condition still exists, see current audit finding number 2024-001.

**Finding 2023-002**

The Municipality does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the annual financial statements being audited, including required footnotes and disclosures, in accordance with other comprehensive basis of accounting - modified cash basis.

**Current Status**

Condition still exists, see current audit finding number 2024-002.

**CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS**

**Internal Control-Related Findings - Material Weaknesses**

**Finding 2024-001**

**Criteria**

To obtain adequate internal control over cash management, the duties of collecting and handling of cash must be segregated from the recording of cash transactions. The duties of preparing, mailing or otherwise distributing checks should be segregated from the recording process.

**Condition Found**

A lack of proper segregation of duties existed for the duties for cash, equity, revenue, expenditures and the payroll functions resulting in decreased reliability of reported financial data and increased potential for the loss of public assets. This lack of segregation of duties has a direct effect on the cash management of the Municipality.

**MUNICIPALITY OF POLLOCK**  
**SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2024**

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**Identification of Repeat Finding**

This is the eleventh consecutive audit report in which this finding has appeared.

**Cause/Effect**

The Municipality of Pollock, has a limited number of employees who prepare all records for cash, revenues, equity, expenditures and payroll. This lack of segregation of duties could result in inaccurate financial statement and/or misappropriations of funds.

**Recommendation**

We recommend that Municipality officials be cognizant of this lack of segregation of duties for revenues and attempt to provide compensating internal controls whenever and wherever possible and practical.

**Views of Responsible Officials**

The Municipality's finance officer, LeAnne Jakobsen, is the contact person responsible for the corrective action plan for this finding. Because of the size of the Municipality, the Municipality can't support hiring additional staff that would be sufficient to support the internal controls needed to properly segregate duties. The Mayor and City Council are aware of the problem. We will be working on some different policies and controls that will help minimize the future risk. This will be an ongoing process that will include input from the state auditor's office, talking to other municipalities, and utilizing the Council in some of the controls.

**Finding 2024-002**

**Criteria:**

An organization's internal control structure should provide for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with other comprehensive basis of accounting - modified cash basis.

**Condition Found**

The Municipality does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the annual financial statements being audited, including required footnotes and disclosures, in accordance with other comprehensive basis of accounting - modified cash basis. As auditors, we were requested to draft the financial statements.

**MUNICIPALITY OF POLLOCK**  
**SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2024**

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**Identification of Repeat Finding**

This is the eleventh consecutive audit report in which this finding has appeared.

**Cause/Effect:**

This condition may affect the Municipality's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

**Recommendation**

It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations.

**Views of Responsible Officials**

The Municipality's finance officer, Leanne Jakobsen, is the contact person responsible for the corrective action plan for this comment. The Municipality is continuing its work on correcting this deficiency.



# CAHILL BAUER & ASSOCIATES, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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Municipal Council  
Municipality of Pollock  
Pollock, South Dakota

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis of accounting financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Municipality of Pollock, South Dakota, as of December 31, 2024, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Municipality's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

#### *Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units*

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the accompanying modified cash basis of accounting financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the respective financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the Municipality of Pollock, South Dakota, as of December 31, 2024, or the changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.c. to the financial statements.

#### *Unmodified Opinions on Governmental Activities, Business-Type Activities, and Each Major Fund*

In our opinion, the accompanying modified cash basis of accounting financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Municipality of Pollock as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.c. to the financial statements.

#### Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards (Government Auditing Standards), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Municipality and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse and unmodified audit opinions.

*Jason W. Bauer, CPA, CGMA, PFS • bauer@cahillbauer.com*



### *Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units*

Management has not included the aggregate discretely presented component units of the Municipality of Pollock, South Dakota's, financial statements. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the Municipality's primary government unless the Municipality also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component unit. The Municipality has not issued such reporting entity financial statements.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1.c. of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting, the financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.c.; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. 7

- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements that collectively comprise the Municipality's basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules and the Schedule of the Municipality's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules and the Schedule of the Municipality's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### **Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards**

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 30, 2025 on our consideration of the Municipality's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Municipality's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Calvin Bauer*

Mobridge, South Dakota  
May 30, 2025

**MUNICIPALITY OF POLLOCK**  
**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2024**

|                           | Primary Government         |                             |              |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
|                           | Governmental<br>Activities | Business-Type<br>Activities | Total        |
| ASSETS:                   |                            |                             |              |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 679,539                 | \$ 334,301                  | \$ 1,013,840 |
| Investments               | -                          | 30,273                      | 30,273       |
| TOTAL ASSETS              | 679,539                    | 364,574                     | 1,044,113    |
| NET POSITION:             |                            |                             |              |
| Unrestricted              | 679,539                    | 364,574                     | 1,044,113    |
| TOTAL NET POSITION        | \$ 679,539                 | \$ 364,574                  | \$ 1,044,113 |

**MUNICIPALITY OF POLLOCK**  
**STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024**

| Functions/Programs   | Program Revenues |                         |  | Net (Expenses) Revenue and<br>Changes in Net Position |                             |              |
|--|------------------|-------------------------|--|---|-----------------------------|--------------|
|  | Expenses         | Charges for<br>Services | Operating<br>Grants and<br>Contributions | Primary Government                                    |                             |              |
|  |                  |                         |  | Governmental<br>Activities                            | Business-Type<br>Activities | Total        |
| Primary government   |                  |                         |  |   |                             |              |
| Governmental activities                                      |                  |                         |  |   |                             |              |
| General government   | \$ 132,142       | \$ 45,368               | \$ -                                     | \$ (86,774)   | \$ -                        | \$ (86,774)  |
| Public safety  | 85,759           | -                       | -  | (85,759)  | -                           | (85,759)     |
| Public works   | 150,374          | 74,264                  | 23,345                                   | (52,765)  | -                           | (52,765)     |
| Health and welfare   | 5,801            | -                       | -  | (5,801)   | -                           | (5,801)      |
| Culture and recreation                                       | 33,736           | 4,297                   | -  | (29,439)  | -                           | (29,439)     |
| Total governmental activities                                | 407,812          | 123,929                 | 23,345                                   | (260,538)   | -                           | (260,538)    |
| Business-type activities                                     |                  |                         |  |   |                             |              |
| Water  | 266,402          | 221,938                 | -  | -   | (44,464)                    | (44,464)     |
| Sewer  | 113,252          | 87,259                  | -  | -   | (25,993)                    | (25,993)     |
| Total business-type activities                               | 379,654          | 309,197                 | -  | -   | (70,457)                    | (70,457)     |
| Total primary government                                     | \$ 787,466       | \$ 433,126              | \$ 23,345                                | \$ (260,538)  | \$ (70,457)                 | \$ (330,995) |
| General Revenues   |                  |                         |  |   |                             |              |
| Taxes  |                  |                         |  |   |                             |              |
| Property taxes   |                  |                         |  | 121,571   | -                           | 121,571      |
| Sales tax  |                  |                         |  | 139,198   | -                           | 139,198      |
| State shared revenue   |                  |                         |  | 2,577   | -                           | 2,577        |
| Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs |                  |                         |  | 7,952   | -                           | 7,952        |
| Unrestricted investment earnings                             |                  |                         |  | 3,616   | 4,416                       | 8,032        |
| Miscellaneous revenue  |                  |                         |  | 872   | -                           | 872          |
| Transfers  |                  |                         |  | (34,000)  | 34,000                      | -            |
| Total general revenues                                       |                  |                         |  | 241,786   | 38,416                      | 280,202      |
| Change in net position                                       |                  |                         |  | (18,752)  | (32,041)                    | (50,793)     |
| Net position - beginning                                     |                  |                         |  | 698,291   | 396,615                     | 1,094,906    |
| Net position - ending  |                  |                         |  | \$ 679,539  | \$ 364,574                  | \$ 1,044,113 |

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**MUNICIPALITY OF POLLOCK**  
**BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2024**

|                           | General<br>Fund | Total<br>Governmental<br>Funds |
|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| ASSETS                    |                 |                                |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 679,539      | \$ 679,539                     |
| TOTAL ASSETS              | 679,539         | 679,539                        |
| FUND BALANCES             |                 |                                |
| Unassigned                | 679,539         | 679,539                        |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES       | \$ 679,539      | \$ 679,539                     |

**MUNICIPALITY OF POLLOCK**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -**  
**MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024**

|  | Primary Government |              |
|--|--------------------|--------------|
|  | General            | Total        |
|  | Fund               | Governmental |
|  |                    | Funds        |
| REVENUES   |                    |              |
| Taxes  |                    |              |
| General property taxes                           | \$ 120,763         | \$ 120,763   |
| General sales and use taxes                      | 139,198            | 139,198      |
| Penalties and interest on delinquent taxes       | 808                | 808          |
| Licenses and permits                             | 2,525              | 2,525        |
| Intergovernmental revenue                        |                    |              |
| State shared revenue                             |                    |              |
| Bank franchise tax                               | 1,011              | 1,011        |
| Prorate license fees                             | 964                | 964          |
| Liquor tax reversion                             | 1,566              | 1,566        |
| Motor vehicle licenses (5%)                      | 9,826              | 9,826        |
| Local government highway and bridge fund         | 10,893             | 10,893       |
| County shared revenue                            |                    |              |
| County road tax (25%)                            | 368                | 368          |
| County road and bridge tax (25%)                 | 1,294              | 1,294        |
| Charges for goods and services                   |                    |              |
| Sanitation                                       | 74,264             | 74,264       |
| Culture and recreation                           | 4,297              | 4,297        |
| Miscellaneous revenue                            |                    |              |
| Investment earnings                              | 3,616              | 3,616        |
| Rentals  | 42,843             | 42,843       |
| Contributions and donations from private sources | 7,952              | 7,952        |
| Other  | 862                | 862          |
| Total Revenues                                   | \$ 423,050         | \$ 423,050   |

**MUNICIPALITY OF POLLOCK**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -**  
**MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024**

|   | Primary Government |                   |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|
|   | General            | Total             |
|   | Fund               | Governmental      |
|   |                    | Funds             |
| EXPENDITURES                                |                    |                   |
| General government                          |                    |                   |
| Legislative                                 | \$ 6,563           | \$ 6,563          |
| Financial administration                    | 41,792             | 41,792            |
| Other                                       | 83,787             | 83,787            |
| Public safety                               |                    |                   |
| Police                                      | 32,643             | 32,643            |
| Fire  | 53,116             | 53,116            |
| Public works                                |                    |                   |
| Highways and streets                        | 76,694             | 76,694            |
| Sanitation                                  | 73,680             | 73,680            |
| Health and welfare                          |                    |                   |
| Health                                      | 5,801              | 5,801             |
| Culture and recreation                      |                    |                   |
| Recreation                                  | 2,213              | 2,213             |
| Parks                                       | 20,681             | 20,681            |
| Historical preservation                     | 10,753             | 10,753            |
| Libraries                                   | 89                 | 89                |
| Total expenditures                          | <u>407,812</u>     | <u>407,812</u>    |
| Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures | 15,238             | 15,238            |
| Other financing sources (uses)              |                    |                   |
| Transfer out                                | (34,000)           | (34,000)          |
| Sale of municipal property                  | 10                 | 10                |
| Total other financing sources               | <u>(33,990)</u>    | <u>(33,990)</u>   |
| Net change in fund balances                 | (18,752)           | (18,752)          |
| Fund balance - beginning                    | <u>698,291</u>     | <u>698,291</u>    |
| Fund Balance - Ending                       | <u>\$ 679,539</u>  | <u>\$ 679,539</u> |

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**MUNICIPALITY OF POLLOCK**  
**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**PROPRIETARY FUNDS**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2024**

|                           | Enterprise Funds  |                   |                   |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                           | Water<br>Fund     | Sewer<br>Fund     | Totals            |
| ASSETS                    |                   |                   |                   |
| Current assets            |                   |                   |                   |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 178,186        | \$ 156,115        | \$ 334,301        |
| Investments               | -                 | 30,273            | 30,273            |
| TOTAL ASSETS              | <u>178,186</u>    | <u>186,388</u>    | <u>364,574</u>    |
| NET POSITION              |                   |                   |                   |
| Unrestricted              | <u>178,186</u>    | <u>186,388</u>    | <u>364,574</u>    |
| TOTAL NET POSITION        | <u>\$ 178,186</u> | <u>\$ 186,388</u> | <u>\$ 364,574</u> |



**MUNICIPALITY OF POLLOCK**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION -**  
**MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**PROPRIETARY FUNDS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024**

|  | Enterprise Funds |               |            |
|--|------------------|---------------|------------|
|  | Water<br>Fund    | Sewer<br>Fund | Totals     |
| OPERATING REVENUE  |                  |               |            |
| Charges for goods and services   | \$ 221,938       | \$ 87,259     | \$ 309,197 |
| Total operating revenue  | 221,938          | 87,259        | 309,197    |
| OPERATING EXPENSES   |                  |               |            |
| Personal services  | 41,902           | 40,896        | 82,798     |
| Other current expense  | 96,154           | 72,356        | 168,510    |
| Materials  | 128,346          | -             | 128,346    |
| Total operating expenses   | 266,402          | 113,252       | 379,654    |
| Operating income   | (44,464)         | (25,993)      | (70,457)   |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)   |                  |               |            |
| Investment earnings  | 1,632            | 2,784         | 4,416      |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)   | 1,632            | 2,784         | 4,416      |
| INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS,<br>SPECIAL ITEMS, EXTRAORDINARY<br>ITEMS AND TRANSFERS | (42,832)         | (23,209)      | (66,041)   |
| Transfers In   | 34,000           | -             | 34,000     |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION   | (8,832)          | (23,209)      | (32,041)   |
| NET POSITION - BEGINNING   | 187,018          | 209,597       | 396,615    |
| NET POSITION - ENDING  | \$ 178,186       | \$ 186,388    | \$ 364,574 |

**MUNICIPALITY OF POLLOCK**  
**NOTES TO MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024**  
**(See Independent Auditors' Report)**

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**NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

As discussed further in Note 1.c, these financial statements are presented on the modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

*a. Financial Reporting Entity*

The reporting entity of the Municipality of Pollock (Municipality), consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The Municipality is financially accountable if its Governing Board appoints a voting majority of another organization's governing body and it has the ability to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the Municipality. The Municipality may also be financially accountable for another organization if that organization is fiscally dependent on the Municipality.

The Housing and Redevelopment Commission of the Municipality of Pollock, South Dakota (Commission), is a proprietary fund-type, discretely-presented component unit. The five members of the Commission are appointed by the Mayor, with the approval of the Governing Board, for five-year, staggered terms. The Commission elects its own chairperson and recruits and employs its own management personnel and other workers. The Governing Board, though, retains the statutory authority to approve or deny or otherwise modify the Commission's plans to construct low-income housing units, or to issue debt, which gives the Governing Board the ability to impose its will on the Commission.

The Municipality has created a Housing and Redevelopment Commission under the authority of South Dakota Codified Law 11-7-7. The financial information of the component unit is available upon request from the Pollock Housing and Redevelopment Commission, Pollock, South Dakota.

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 2**  
**(See Independent Auditors' Report)**

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*b. Basis of Presentation*

**Government-wide Financial Statements**

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Municipality and for each function of the Municipality's governmental activities. Direct expenses and those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

**Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Municipality or it meets the following criteria:

1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and;
2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or;
3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 3**  
**(See Independent Auditors' Report)**

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The funds of the Municipality financial reporting entity are described below:

**Governmental Funds**

**General Fund** - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Municipality. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is always a major fund.

**Proprietary Funds**

**Enterprise Funds** - Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. Activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if any one of the following criteria is met. Governments should apply each of these criteria in the context of the activity's principal revenue sources.

- a. The activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity. Debt that is secured by a pledge of net revenues from fees and charges and the full faith and credit of a related primary government or component unit-even if that government is not expected to make any payments-is not payable solely from fees and charges of the activity. (Some debt may be secured, in part, by a portion of its own proceeds but should be considered as payable "solely" from revenues of the activity.)
- b. Laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues.
- c. The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

**Water Fund** - financed primarily by user charges this fund accounts for the construction and operation of the municipal waterworks system and related facilities. (SDCL 9-47-1) This is a major fund.

**Sewer Fund** - financed primarily by user charges this fund accounts for the construction and operation of the municipal sanitary sewer system and related facilities. (SDCL 9-48-2). This is a major fund.

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 4**  
**(See Independent Auditors' Report)**

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*c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting*

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

The Municipality's basis of accounting is the modified cash basis, which is a basis of accounting other than USGAAP. Under USGAAP, transactions are recorded in the accounts when revenues are earned and liabilities are incurred. Under the modified cash basis, transactions are recorded when cash is received or disbursed.

**Measurement Focus**

**Government-wide Financial Statements**

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting as defined below.

**Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used, applied within the limitations of modified cash basis of accounting.

**Basis of Accounting**

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental and business-type activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting.

The modified cash basis of accounting involves the measurement of cash and cash equivalents and changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from cash receipt and disbursement transactions. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, the statement of financial position reports only cash and cash equivalents (those investments with terms to maturity of 90 days (three months) or less at the date of acquisition). Under the modified cash basis of accounting, transactions are recorded in the accounts when cash and/or cash equivalents are received or disbursed and assets and liabilities are recognized to the extent that cash has been received or disbursed. The acceptable modification to the cash basis of accounting implemented by the Municipality in these financial statements is:

- a. Recording long-term investments (those with maturities more than 90-days (three months) from the date of acquisition) acquired with cash assets at cost.

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 5**  
**(See Independent Auditors' Report)**

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As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the Municipality applied USGAAP, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types and fiduciary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

*d. Deposits and Investments*

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at date of acquisition exceeds three months, and/or those types of investments authorized by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-5-6. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, investments are carried at cost.

*e. Capital Assets*

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, furnishings and equipment, construction/development in progress, infrastructure, intangible lease assets, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Infrastructure assets are long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for significantly greater number of years than most capital assets.

As discussed in Note 1.c above, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental and business-type activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. The Municipality has not elected to modify their cash basis presentation by recording capital assets arising from cash transactions and depreciation/amortizing those assets where appropriate so any capital assets owned by the Municipality and related depreciation/amortization are not reported on the financial statements of the Municipality.

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**(See Independent Auditors' Report)**

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*f. Program Revenues*

Program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the Municipality's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories:

- 1: Charges for services - These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
- 2: Program-specific operating grants and contributions - These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- 3: Program-specific capital grants and contributions - These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

*g. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications*

In the Proprietary Fund's Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, revenues and expenses are classified as operating or non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses directly relate to the purpose of the fund.

*h. Cash and Cash Equivalents*

The Municipality pools the cash resources of its funds for cash management purposes. The proprietary funds essentially have access to the entire amount of their cash resources on demand. Accordingly, each proprietary fund's equity in the cash management pool is considered to be cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

*i. Equity Classifications*

**Government-wide Statements**

Equity is classified as Net Position and is displayed in two component:

- a: Restricted Net Position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- b: Unrestricted Net Position - All other net assets that do not meet the definition of Restricted Net Position.

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 7**  
**(See Independent Auditors' Report)**

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Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and may distinguish between "Nonspendable", "Restricted", "Committed", "Assigned", and "Unassigned" components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

*j. Application of Net Positions*

It is the Municipality's policy to first use restricted Net Position, prior to the use of unrestricted Net Position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted Net Position are available.

*k. Fund Balance Classification and Policies and Procedures*

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the Municipality classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable - includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

Restricted - includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and does not lapse at year-end.

Assigned - includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Municipal Council or Finance Officer.

Unassigned - includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The Municipality uses restricted/committed amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Government would first use *committed*, then *assigned*, and lastly *unassigned amounts* of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The Municipality does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.



**NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK**

The Municipality follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

**Deposits** - The Municipality's cash deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 9-22-6, 9-22-6.1 and 9-22-6.2 and may be in the form of demand or time deposits. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

**Investments** - In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits municipality funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

As of December 31, 2024, the Municipality did not have any investments. The investments reported in the financial statements consist of only certificates of deposit.

**Interest Rate Risk** - The Municipality does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

**Credit Risk** - State law limits eligible investments for the Municipality. The Municipality has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

**Custodial Credit Risk** - The risk that, in the even of a depository failure, the Municipality's deposits may not be returned to it. The Municipality does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2024, none of the Municipality's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

**Assignment of Investment Income** - State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The Municipality's policy is to credit all income to the fund making the investment.

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**(See Independent Auditors' Report)**

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**NOTE 3 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied on or before October 1, of the year preceding the start of the fiscal year. They attach as an enforceable lien on property, and become due and payable as of January 1, the first day of the fiscal year. Taxes are payable in two installments on or before April 30 and October 31 of the fiscal year.

The Municipality is permitted by several state statutes to levy varying amounts of taxes per \$1,000 of taxable valuation on taxable real property in the Municipality.

**NOTE 4- INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2024, were as follows:

|              | Transfer Out       | Transfer In      | Total       |
|--------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------|
| General Fund | \$ (34,000)        | \$ -             | \$ (34,000) |
| Water Fund   | -                  | 34,000           | 34,000      |
|              | <u>\$ (34,000)</u> | <u>\$ 34,000</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |

Transfers from the General Fund to the Water Fund were made due to the revenues being insufficient to support the expenditures of the funds. This interfund transfer is not a violation of the statutory restrictions on interfund transfers.

**NOTE 5- PENSION PLAN**

**Plan Information:**

All employees, working more than 20 hours per week during the year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS). SDRS is a hybrid defined benefit plan designed with several defined contribution plan type provisions and is administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at <http://sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx> or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

**Benefits Provided:**

SDRS has four different classes of employees, Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members, and Class D Department of Labor and Regulation members.

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**(See Independent Auditors' Report)**

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Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation public safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirements that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Class A and B eligible spouse of Foundation members will receive a 60 percent joint survivor benefit when the member dies.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.

If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:

The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%

If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:

The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum COLA from 0.5 percent to 0.0 percent.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

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**(See Independent Auditors' Report)**

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**Contributions:**

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. The Municipality's share of contributions to the SDRS for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022 were \$8,164, \$8,022, and \$7,906, respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

**Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Revenue, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:**

At June 30, 2024, SDRS is 100.03% funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate share of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the Municipality as of this measurement period ending June 30, 2024 and reported by the Municipality as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

|  |                        |
|--|------------------------|
| Proportionate share of total pension liability                           | \$ 715,927             |
| Less proportionate share of net position restricted for pension benefits | <u>716,121</u>         |
| Proportionate share of net pension asset                                 | <u><u>\$ (194)</u></u> |

The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2024 and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was based on a projection of the Municipality's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2024, the Municipality's proportion was 0.004799%, which is a decrease of 0.000345% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2023.

**Actuarial Assumptions:**

The total pension asset in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| Inflation        | 2.50%  |
| Salary Increases | Graded by years of service, from 7.66% at entry to 3.15% after 25 years of service                                     |
| Discount Rate    | 6.5% net of plan investment expense. This is composed of an average inflation rate of 2.50% and real returns of 4.00%. |
| Future COLAs     | 1.71%  |

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**(See Independent Auditors' Report)**

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**Mortality Rates:**

All mortality rates based on Pub-2010 amount-weighted mortality tables, projected generationally with improvement scale MP-2020

**Active and Terminated Vested Members:**

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial: PubT-2010

Other Class A Members: PubG-2010

Public Safety Members: PubG-2010

**Retired Members:**

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial Retirees: PubT-2010, 108% of rates above age 65

Other Class A Retirees: PubG-2010, 93% of rates through age 74, increasing by 2% per year until 111% of rates at age 83 and above

Public Safety Retirees: PubS-2010, 102% of rates at all ages

**Beneficiaries:**

PubG-2010 contingent survivor mortality table

**Disabled members:**

Public Safety: PubS-2010 disabled member mortality table

Others: PubG-2010 disabled member mortality table

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2024 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2016, to June 30, 2021.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2024 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

| Asset Class           | Target Allocation | Expected Real Rate of Return |
|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Global Equity         | 56.30%            | 3.60%                        |
| Investment Grade Debt | 22.80%            | 2.30%                        |
| High Yield Debt       | 7.00%             | 2.80%                        |
| Real Estate           | 12.00%            | 4.00%                        |
| Cash                  | 1.90%             | 0.80%                        |
| Total                 | 100.00%           |                              |

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**Discount Rate:**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions from will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

**Sensitivity of liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate:**

The following presents the Municipality's proportionate share of net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

|   | <u>1% Decrease</u> | <u>Current Discount</u> | <u>1% Increase</u> |
|---|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$ 98,714          | \$ (194)                | \$ (81,132)        |

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:**

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

**NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Municipality is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Municipality managed its risks as follows:

*Insurance*

The Municipality purchases liability insurance for risks related to torts; theft or damage to property; and errors and omissions of public officials from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

*Workmen's Compensation*

The Municipality purchases liability insurance for worker's compensation from a commercial carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

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**(See Independent Auditors' Report)**

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*Unemployment Benefits*

The Municipality provides coverage for unemployment benefits by paying into the Unemployment Compensation Fund established by state law and managed by the State of South Dakota.

**NOTE 7 - LITIGATION**

At December 31, 2024 the Municipality was not involved in any litigation.

**NOTE 8 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the independent auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

## **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**



**MUNICIPALITY OF POLLOCK**  
**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**  
**GENERAL FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024**

|  | Budgeted Amounts |            | Actual<br>Amounts<br>(Budgetary<br>Basis) | Variance<br>with<br>Final Budget |
|--|------------------|------------|---|----------------------------------|
|  | Original         | Final      |   |                                  |
| <b>REVENUES</b>                                  |                  |            |   |                                  |
| Taxes  |                  |            |   |                                  |
| General property tax                             | \$ 103,000       | \$ 103,000 | \$ 120,763                                | \$ 17,763                        |
| General sales and use tax                        | 100,696          | 100,696    | 139,198                                   | 38,502                           |
| Penalties and interest on delinquent taxes       | -                | -          | 808                                       | 808                              |
| Licenses and permits                             | 1,800            | 1,800      | 2,525                                     | 725                              |
| Intergovernmental revenue                        |                  |            |   |                                  |
| State shared revenue                             |                  |            |   |                                  |
| Bank franchise tax                               | 1,000            | 1,000      | 1,011                                     | 11                               |
| Motor vehicle commercial prorate                 | 2,000            | 2,000      | 964                                       | (1,036)                          |
| Liquor tax reversion                             | 1,600            | 1,600      | 1,566                                     | (34)                             |
| Motor vehicle licenses (5%)                      | 8,000            | 8,000      | 9,826                                     | 1,826                            |
| Local government highway and bridge fund         | 11,350           | 11,350     | 10,893                                    | (457)                            |
| County shared revenue                            |                  |            |   |                                  |
| County road tax (25%)                            | 368              | 368        | 368                                       | -                                |
| County road and bridge tax (25%)                 | -                | -          | 1,294                                     | 1,294                            |
| Charges for goods and services                   |                  |            |   |                                  |
| Sanitation                                       | 68,000           | 68,000     | 74,264                                    | 6,264                            |
| Culture and recreation                           | 3,000            | 3,000      | 4,297                                     | 1,297                            |
| Miscellaneous revenue                            |                  |            |   |                                  |
| Investment earnings                              | 600              | 600        | 3,616                                     | 3,016                            |
| Rentals  | 41,400           | 41,400     | 42,843                                    | 1,443                            |
| Contributions and donations from private sources | -                | -          | 7,952                                     | 7,952                            |
| Other  | 1,000            | 1,000      | 862                                       | (138)                            |
| Total revenue                                    | \$ 343,814       | \$ 343,814 | \$ 423,050                                | \$ 79,236                        |

**MUNICIPALITY OF POLLOCK**  
**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**  
**GENERAL FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024**

|   | Budgeted Amounts |          | Actual<br>Amounts<br>(Budgetary<br>Basis) | Variance<br>with<br>Final Budget |
|---|------------------|----------|---|----------------------------------|
|   | Original         | Final    |   |                                  |
| <b>EXPENDITURES</b>                       |                  |          |   |                                  |
| General government                        |                  |          |   |                                  |
| Legislative                               | \$ 8,583         | \$ 8,583 | \$ 6,563                                  | \$ 2,020                         |
| Contingency                               | 10,000           | 10,000   | -   | -                                |
| Amount transferred                        | -                | (1,804)  | -   | 8,196                            |
| Elections                                 | 815              | 815      | -   | 815                              |
| Financial administration                  | 43,143           | 45,143   | 41,792                                    | 3,351                            |
| Other                                     | 76,975           | 90,132   | 83,787                                    | 6,345                            |
| Public safety                             |                  |          |   |                                  |
| Police                                    | 31,000           | 32,643   | 32,643                                    | -                                |
| Fire                                      | 3,500            | 53,500   | 53,116                                    | 384                              |
| Public works                              |                  |          |   |                                  |
| Highways and streets                      | 61,934           | 82,934   | 76,694                                    | 6,240                            |
| Sanitation                                | 73,330           | 74,430   | 73,680                                    | 750                              |
| Health and welfare                        |                  |          |   |                                  |
| Health                                    | 2,470            | 6,670    | 5,801                                     | 869                              |
| Culture and recreation                    |                  |          |   |                                  |
| Recreation                                | 2,420            | 2,570    | 2,213                                     | 357                              |
| Parks                                     | 18,884           | 20,681   | 20,681                                    | -                                |
| Visitor Center                            | 10,660           | 11,560   | 10,753                                    | 807                              |
| Libraries                                 | 100              | 100      | 89  | 11                               |
| Total Expenditures                        | 343,814          | 437,957  | 407,812                                   | 30,145                           |
| Excess revenue over/under<br>expenditures | -                | (94,143) | 15,238                                    | 109,381                          |

**MUNICIPALITY OF POLLOCK**  
**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**  
**GENERAL FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024**

|                                      | <u>Budgeted Amounts</u> |                   | Actual<br>Amounts<br>(Budgetary<br>Basis) | Variance<br>with<br>Final Budget |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|---|----------------------------------|
|                                      | <u>Original</u>         | <u>Final</u>      |   |                                  |
| Other financing sources/(uses)       |                         |                   |   |                                  |
| Transfers out                        | -                       | (34,000)          | (34,000)                                  | -                                |
| Sale of municipal property           | -                       | -                 | 10  | 10                               |
|                                      |                         |                   |   |                                  |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | -                       | (34,000)          | (33,990)                                  | 10                               |
|                                      |                         |                   |   |                                  |
| Net change in fund balances          | -                       | (128,143)         | (18,752)                                  | 109,391                          |
|                                      |                         |                   |   |                                  |
| Fund balance - beginning             | 698,291                 | 698,291           | 698,291                                   | -                                |
|                                      |                         |                   |   |                                  |
| Fund balance - ending                | <u>\$ 698,291</u>       | <u>\$ 570,148</u> | <u>\$ 679,539</u>                         | <u>\$ 109,391</u>                |

**MUNICIPALITY OF POLLOCK**  
**NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**SCHEDULES OF BUDGETARY COMPARISONS FOR THE GENERAL FUND AND FOR EACH**  
**MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND WITH A LEGALLY REQUIRED BUDGET**  
**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024**

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**NOTE 1 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING**

The Municipality followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. At the first regular board meeting in September of each year or within ten days thereafter, the Governing Board/Municipality Commission introduces the annual appropriation ordinance for ensuing fiscal year.
2. After adoption by the Governing Board/Municipality Commission, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures for each purpose cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in number 4.
3. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total municipal budget and may be transferred by resolution of the Governing Board/Municipality Commission to any other budget category that is deemed insufficient during the year.
4. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows the adoption of supplemental budgets.
5. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end unless encumbered by resolution of the Governing Board/Municipality Commission.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund, special revenue funds and capital projects funds.

The Municipality did not encumber any amounts at December 31, 2024.

6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and major special revenue funds.

**MUNICIPALITY OF POLLOCK**

**NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - Page 2**

**SCHEDULES OF BUDGETARY COMPARISONS FOR THE GENERAL FUND AND FOR EACH  
MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND WITH A LEGALLY REQUIRED BUDGET  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024**

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**NOTE 2 - OTHER COMPREHENSIVE BASIS OF ACCOUNTING MODIFIED CASH  
BASIS/BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING BASIS DIFFERENCES**

The financial statements prepared in conformity with USGAAP applied within the context of the modified cash basis of accounting present capital outlay expenditure information in a separate category of expenditures. Under the budgetary basis of accounting, capital outlay expenditures are reported within the function to which they relate. For example, the purchase of a new fire truck would be reported as a capital outlay expenditure on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, however in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule, the purchase of a fire truck would be reported as an expenditure of the Public Safety/Fire Department function of government, along with all other current Fire Department related expenditures.

**MUNICIPALITY OF POLLOCK**  
**SCHEDULE OF THE MUNICIPALITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF**  
**THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)**  
**SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

| <b>Calendar Year</b> | <b>Municipality's<br/>Proportion of<br/>the Net<br/>Position<br/>Liability/Asset</b> | <b>Municipality's<br/>Proportionate<br/>Share of the<br/>Net Pension<br/>Liability/Asset</b> | <b>Municipality's<br/>Covered<br/>Payroll</b> | <b>Municipality's<br/>Proportionate<br/>Share of the<br/>Net Pension<br/>Liability<br/>(Asset) as a<br/>percentage of<br/>its Covered<br/>Payroll</b> | <b>Plan Fiduciary<br/>Net Position as<br/>a Percentage of<br/>the Total<br/>Pension<br/>Liability<br/>(Asset)</b> |
|----------------------|--|--|---|---|---|
| 2024                 | 0.00004799   | \$ (194)   | \$ 134,639                                    | -0.14%  | 100.03%   |
| 2023                 | 0.00005144   | (502)  | 132,691                                       | -0.38%  | 100.10%   |
| 2022                 | 0.00005304   | (501)  | 126,649                                       | -0.40%  | 100.10%   |
| 2021                 | 0.00005309   | (40,658)   | 120,478                                       | -33.75%   | 105.52%   |
| 2020                 | 0.00005589   | (243)  | 122,668                                       | -0.20%  | 100.04%   |
| 2019                 | 0.00005408   | (573)  | 114,986                                       | -0.50%  | 100.09%   |
| 2018                 | 0.00005079   | (118)  | 105,581                                       | -0.11%  | 100.02%   |
| 2017                 | 0.00004828   | (438)  | 98,098  | -0.45%  | 100.10%   |
| 2016                 | 0.00004864   | 16,431   | 92,493  | 17.76%  | 96.89%  |
| 2015                 | 0.00004943   | (20,966)   | 90,249  | -23.23%   | 104.10%   |

**MUNICIPALITY OF POLLOCK**  
**NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024**  
**SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION**  
**LIABILITY (ASSET)**

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**Changes from Prior Valuation:**

The June 30, 2024, Actuarial Valuation reflects no changes to the plan provisions or actuarial methods and one change to the actuarial assumptions from the June 30, 2023, Actuarial Valuation.

The details of the changes since the last valuation are as follows.

**Benefit Provision Changes:**

During the 2024 Legislative Session no significant SDRS benefit changes were made.

**Actuarial Method Changes:**

No changes in actuarial methods were made since the prior valuation.

**Actuarial Assumption Changes:**

The SDRS COLA equals the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0% and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%.

As of June 30, 2023, the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (2.25%) was less than 100% and the July 2024 SDRS COLA was limited to a restricted maximum of 1.91%. For the June 30, 2023 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA assumption of 1.91%.

As of June 30, 2024, the FVFR assuming future COLAs equal to the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25% is again less than 100% and the July 2025 SDRS COLA is limited to a restricted maximum of 1.71%. The July 2025 SDRS COLA will equal inflation, between 0% and 1.71%. For this June 30, 2024 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA of 1.71%.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed for reasonability annually and reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2027 Actuarial Valuation and any recommended changes approved by the Board of Trustees are anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2027 Actuarial Valuation.